

K(1) - local homotopy theory

References:

- Barthel-Beaudry, "Chromatic structures in stable homotopy theory."
- Ravenel, "Localization with respect to certain periodic homology theories".
- Henn, "A mini-course on Morava Stabilizer groups and their cohomology."

Topology \rightarrow classify spaces up to
homeomorphism
TOO HARD!

Homotopy theory \rightarrow " " homotopy equivalence
kind of still too hard
 \downarrow
CW complexes
(or: weak equivalences)

Top \supseteq W = subcategory of weak
homotopy equivalences



Top[W⁻¹] (model cats / co-cats)

Similarly, Sp = Spectra [W⁻¹]

↳ still hard for now → homology



E = spectrum / homology theory E-equivalences

W_E = { X \xrightarrow{f} Y | E_{*}f: E_{*}X $\xrightarrow{\sim}$ E_{*}Y iso } ←

(Sullivan, Adams) Bousfield

let E be a spectrum.

$\exists! L_E : Sp \rightarrow Sp$ with $\eta : id_{Sp} \Rightarrow L_E$

such that

• $(\eta_X : X \rightarrow L_E X) \in W_E$

•
$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \longrightarrow & L_E X \\ \downarrow f & & \uparrow \exists! \\ Y & & \end{array}$$

$\forall f \in W_E$

⚠ if E (or X) is not connective,
then $L_E X$ is not related to X by
"localizing the homotopy groups"

e.g. $\pi_{-2} L_{K\mathbb{U}} S^0 \cong \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}$

($L_{K\mathbb{C}} S^0$ also not connective)

⚠ $L_E Sp$ not cocomplete

L_E doesn't commute with limits.

The Bousfield Lattice

- $\langle E \rangle :=$ equiv class under $E \sim F \iff L_E = L_F$.
 $\iff (E_* X = 0 \iff F_* X = 0)$.
- $\langle E \rangle \leq \langle F \rangle \iff (F_* X = 0 \implies E_* X = 0)$.
→ \wedge & \vee descend to $\langle - \rangle$.
→ lattice $DL \supseteq$ Boolean algebra BA

Ex:

- $\langle S^0 \rangle \geq \langle MU \rangle \geq \langle BP \rangle \geq \langle BP\langle n \rangle \rangle \geq \langle E\langle n \rangle \rangle \geq \langle K\langle n \rangle \rangle$
- $m \neq n$: $\langle K\langle n \rangle \rangle$ & $\langle K\langle m \rangle \rangle$ not comparable & $\wedge = \langle 0 \rangle$

Recall: $\pi_* BP = \mathbb{Z}_{(p)} [v_1, v_2, \dots] \rightsquigarrow BP\langle n \rangle, k(n)$

• $\pi_* BP\langle n \rangle = BP_* / (v_{n+1}, \dots)$

• $\pi_* k\langle n \rangle = BP_* / (p, v_1, \dots, v_{n-1}, v_{n+1}, \dots)$

• $E(n) = v_n^{-1} BP\langle n \rangle$ "Morava E-theory"

• $K(n) = v_n^{-1} k\langle n \rangle$ Morava K-theory

Thm: $\langle E(n) \rangle = \langle v_n^{-1} BP \rangle = \bigvee_{m=1}^n \langle K(m) \rangle$

Moral: $K(n)$'s are $\binom{\text{not}}{\text{all}}$ "atoms" of Sp .

$E(1)$ -local homotopy theory

$$KU_{(p)} = \bigvee_{i=1}^{p-1} E(1) \Rightarrow L_1 := L_{E(1)} = L_{KU_{(p)}}$$

$$\text{In fact, } \langle KU \rangle = \langle KO \rangle \Rightarrow L_1 = L_{KO_{(p)}}$$

"height 1 homotopy theory is topological K-theory"

[Thm: (smash product thm)]

$$L_1 X \simeq X \wedge L_1 S^0.$$

[Note: for $p=2$ proof uses
 $KO_{(2)}$ as a rep. of
 $\langle E(1) \rangle$ instead of $KU_{(2)}$]

$\Rightarrow L_1 S_p$ complete & L_1 commutes w/ colimits.

[Cor: $E =$ homology theory (e.g. BP)
 $E \wedge L_1 X \cong X \wedge L_1 E$

Pf: apply S.P.T. to X on left & E on right. //

↳ let's us compute homology on $L_1 S^p$

Ex: If $BP_* X \otimes \mathbb{Q} = 0$, then

$$BP_* L_1 X \cong v_1^{-1} BP_* X$$

→ But still need to know $L_1 S^0$.

The $E(1)$ -local sphere

$$\text{S.P.T.} \Rightarrow L_1 S^0 \wedge L_1 S^0 \simeq L_1 L_1 S^0 \simeq L_1 S^0$$

$$\rightsquigarrow L_1 S^0 \text{ ring spectrum}$$

Thm. $p > 2$.

$$\pi_i L_1 S^0 = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}_{(p)} & , \quad i = 0 \\ \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}_{(p)} & , \quad i = -2 \\ \mathbb{Z}/p^{j(i)} & , \quad i = sp^k(2p-2)-1, \quad p \nmid s \\ & \quad i \neq -1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

= image of $\pi_* S^0$ detected by $\text{Ext}_{BP_*BP}^1(BP_*, BP_*)$ in ANSS.

$$\underline{P=2.}$$

$$\pi_i L_1 S^0 = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}_{(2)} \oplus \mathbb{Z}/2, & i=0 \\ \mathbb{Q}/\mathbb{Z}_{(2)}, & i=-2 \\ \mathbb{Z}_{(2)}/2s, & i=8s-1, s \neq 0 \\ \mathbb{Z}/2, & i=8s, s \neq 0 \\ \mathbb{Z}/2 \oplus \mathbb{Z}/2, & i=8s+1 \\ \mathbb{Z}/2, & i=8s+2 \\ \mathbb{Z}/8, & i=8s+3 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$K(1)$ -local homotopy theory

$L_1 S^0$ & $L_{K(1)} S^0$ related by a pullback square

$$\begin{array}{ccc} L_1 S^0 = L_{E(1)} S^0 & \longrightarrow & L_{K(1)} S^0 \\ & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\ & \downarrow & \end{array}$$

$$H\mathbb{Q} = L_{E(0)} S^0 \longrightarrow L_{E(0)} L_{K(1)} S^0$$

\Rightarrow modulo rational homology, pick which one you want to work with.

Thm: $P > 2$.

$$\pi_i L_{K(n)} S^\circ = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}_P & , \quad i = 0, -1 \\ 0 & , \quad i = -2 \\ \pi_i L_1 S^\circ & , \quad \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$P=2$.

$$\pi_i L_{K(n)} S^\circ = \begin{cases} \mathbb{Z}_2 \oplus \mathbb{Z}/2 & , \quad i = 0 \\ \mathbb{Z}_2 & , \quad i = -1 \\ \mathbb{Z}/2^{j(s)} & , \quad i = 8s-1, i \neq -1 \\ 0 & , \quad i = -2 \\ \pi_i L_1 S^\circ & , \quad \text{else} \end{cases}$$

The Morava Stabilizer group

$$\mathbb{G}_1 = \mathcal{S}_1 = \mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}$$

~ Adams operations in K-theory

- Even though Ravenel did it already, can also use (D-H) $L_{K(1)} S^0 \xrightarrow{\sim} K^{h\mathbb{Z}_p^{\times}}$ to compute $\pi_* L_{K(1)} S^0$ via K-A.S.S.
- Can also use a finite resolution.

Idea: decompose $L_{K(1)} S^0 \simeq K^{h\mathbb{Z}_p^x}$ more.

Overview of the strategy

① exact sequence of \mathbb{Z}_p^x -modules

resolving $\mathbb{Z}_p \rightsquigarrow$ apply $\text{Hom}(-, K_*)$

\Rightarrow s.e.s. of "Morava modules".

② Realize above as a fiber sequence of $K(1)$ -local spectra.

\hookrightarrow May not exist in general, use understanding of $K(n)$ to construct.

Example

$$\mathbb{Z}_p^\times \cong \mu \times \mathbb{Z}_p \quad \text{where}$$

$$\underline{p > 2}: \mu = C_{p-1}, \quad \mathbb{Z}_p = \{a \in \mathbb{Z}_p^\times \mid a \equiv 1 \pmod{p}\}$$

$$\underline{p = 2}: \mu = C_2, \quad \mathbb{Z}_2 = \{a \in \mathbb{Z}_2^\times \mid a \equiv 1 \pmod{4}\}$$

$$\Rightarrow L_{K(\zeta)} S^0 \simeq (K^{\mu})^{\mathbb{Z}_p}$$

$\psi \in \mathbb{Z}_p$ "top'l generator" (Adams operation)

fiber sequence

$$L_{K(1)} S^0 \rightarrow K^{hu} \xrightarrow{\psi-1} K^{hu} \rightarrow \Sigma L_{K(1)} S^0$$

example of a finite resolution of $L_{K(1)} S^0$.

- compute $\pi_* K^{hu}$ using the homotopy fixed point spectral sequence
- compute $\pi_* L_{K(1)} S^0$ using knowledge of ψ , $\pi_* K^{hu}$, & l.e.s. of homotopy groups. //